

Implementation of the Water Management Framework for the Industrial Heartland and Capital Region

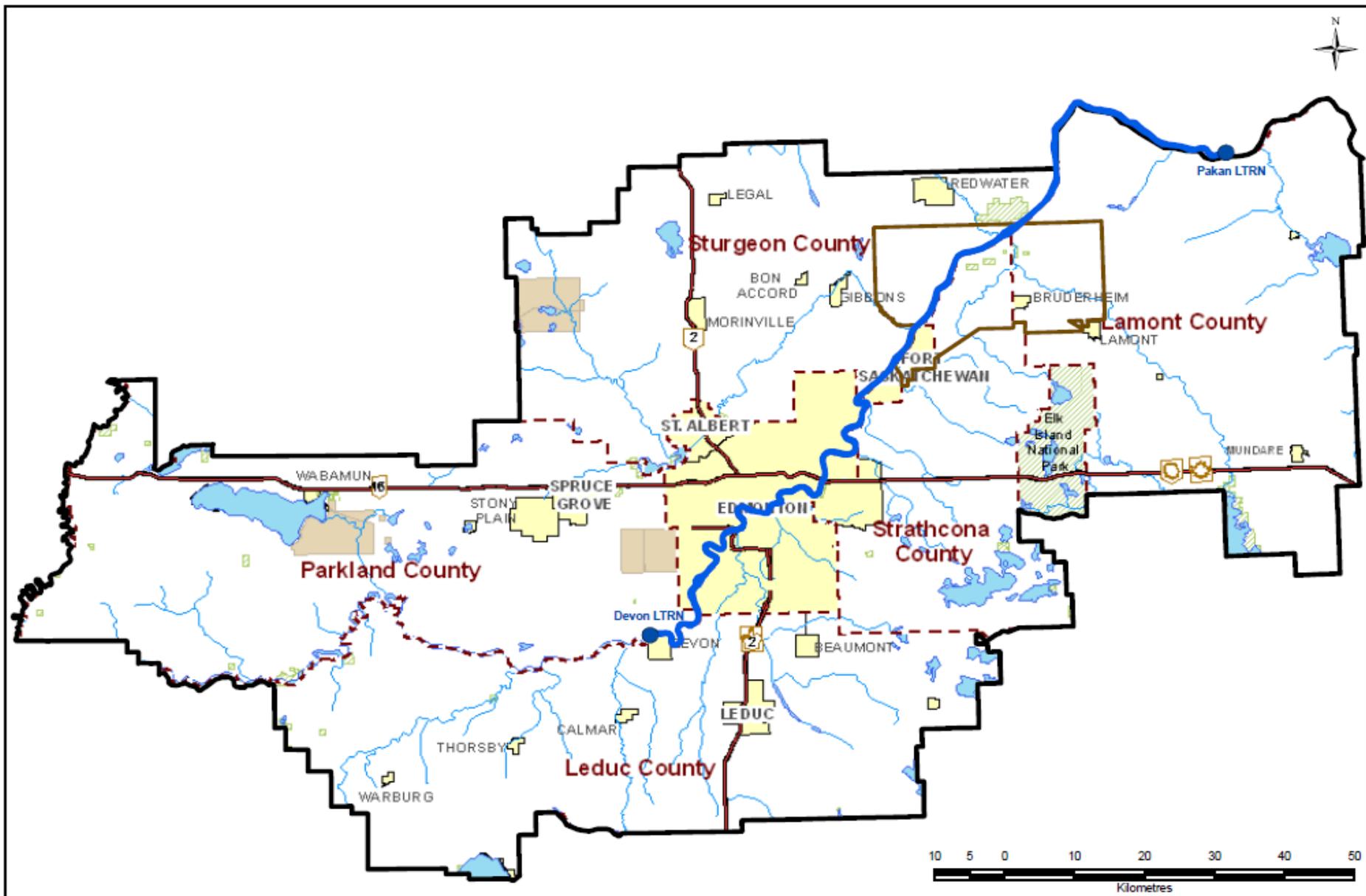
NSWA Water Quality Forum
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Overview

- **History of the Industrial Heartland and Capital Region Water Management Framework.**
- **Load management approach.**
- **Development of Water Quality Objectives and Maximum Allowable Loads.**
- **Development of operational programs.**
- **What's next for implementation.**





Legend

- Water Management Framework Boundary
- Land Management Boundary
- Air Management Framework Boundary
- Parks & Protected Area
- Municipal District
- First Nation Reserve
- City, Town, or Village

**Capital Region/ Industrial Heartland
Cumulative Effects Program**

Projection	10 TM	Datum	NAD 83	Scale	1:800,000	Date	June 2012
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Regulatory context

- ***Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act (EPEA)***
 - **Regulates a wide range of activities through the use of regulations, approvals and codes of practices.**
 - Detail specific construction, operating and reclamation requirements.
- **EPEA approvals are reviewed and managed on a facility-by-facility basis.**

Early Implementation of the Framework

- **Initial implementation priorities included establishing water quality baseline conditions and building on regional scientific knowledge:**
 - **Effluent and water withdrawal information**
 - **Increased monitoring**
 - **River modelling**
 - **Engineering study**
 - **Developed Maximum Allowable Loads (MALs) for contaminants of concern**
- **The load management approach was identified as the management process to follow to meet the Framework goal of “maintain or improve water quality”.**

Transition towards Load Management

- **Load management:**

An approach to water quality management that analyzes how a water body responds to the introduction of contaminants, and determines the allowable limits (in terms of mass) the water body can accept before deterioration in water quality is noted.

- Once the allowable threshold is determined, the discharge of contaminants cannot exceed that mass in order to preserve quality and quantity of that water source.
 - Tools and policy assist in calculating the mass and prescribe management actions to achieve social, environmental and economic objectives.
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- End result = seasonal loads in approvals

Load Management Process

Initial Screening – Effluent Characterization Program



Statistical results – Effluent Management Plan

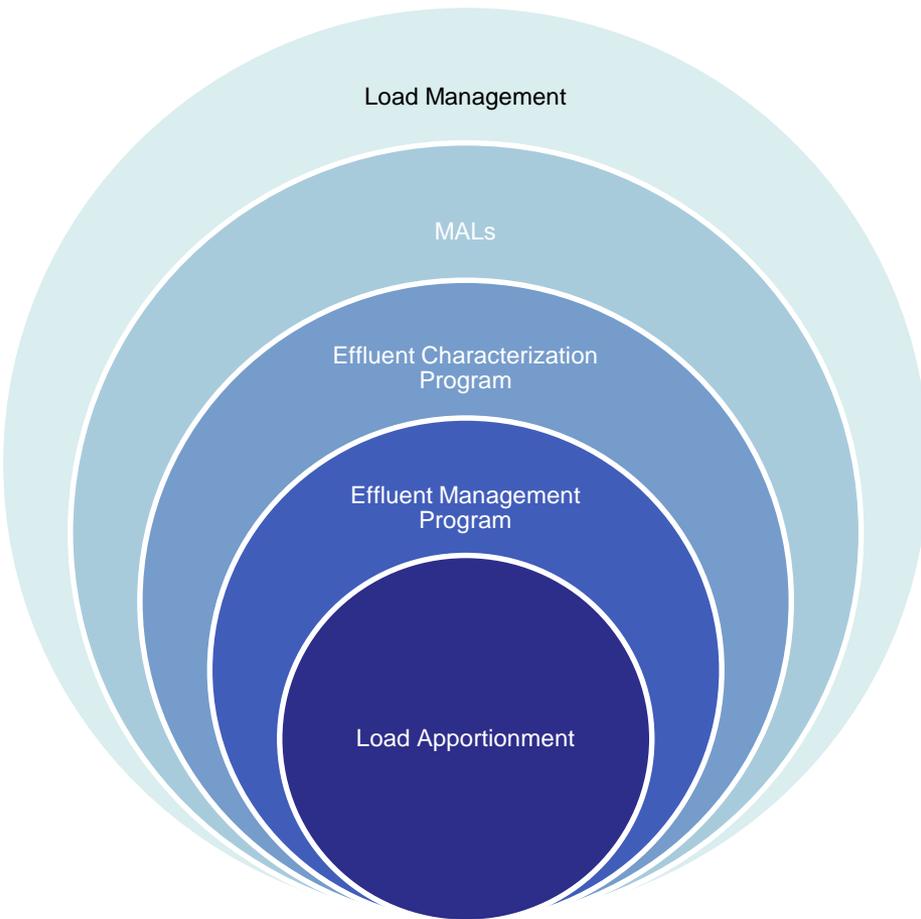


Apportionment of Loads



Load limits into Approvals

Load Management Process – 10 year plan



- **Load Management**
 - Water quality management
- **Maximum Allowable Loads**
 - Acceptable loading levels and seasonality
 - Upstream contributions
- **ECP**
 - Sector management
- **EMP**
 - Facility management
- **Load apportionment**
 - Parameter limits in individual approvals

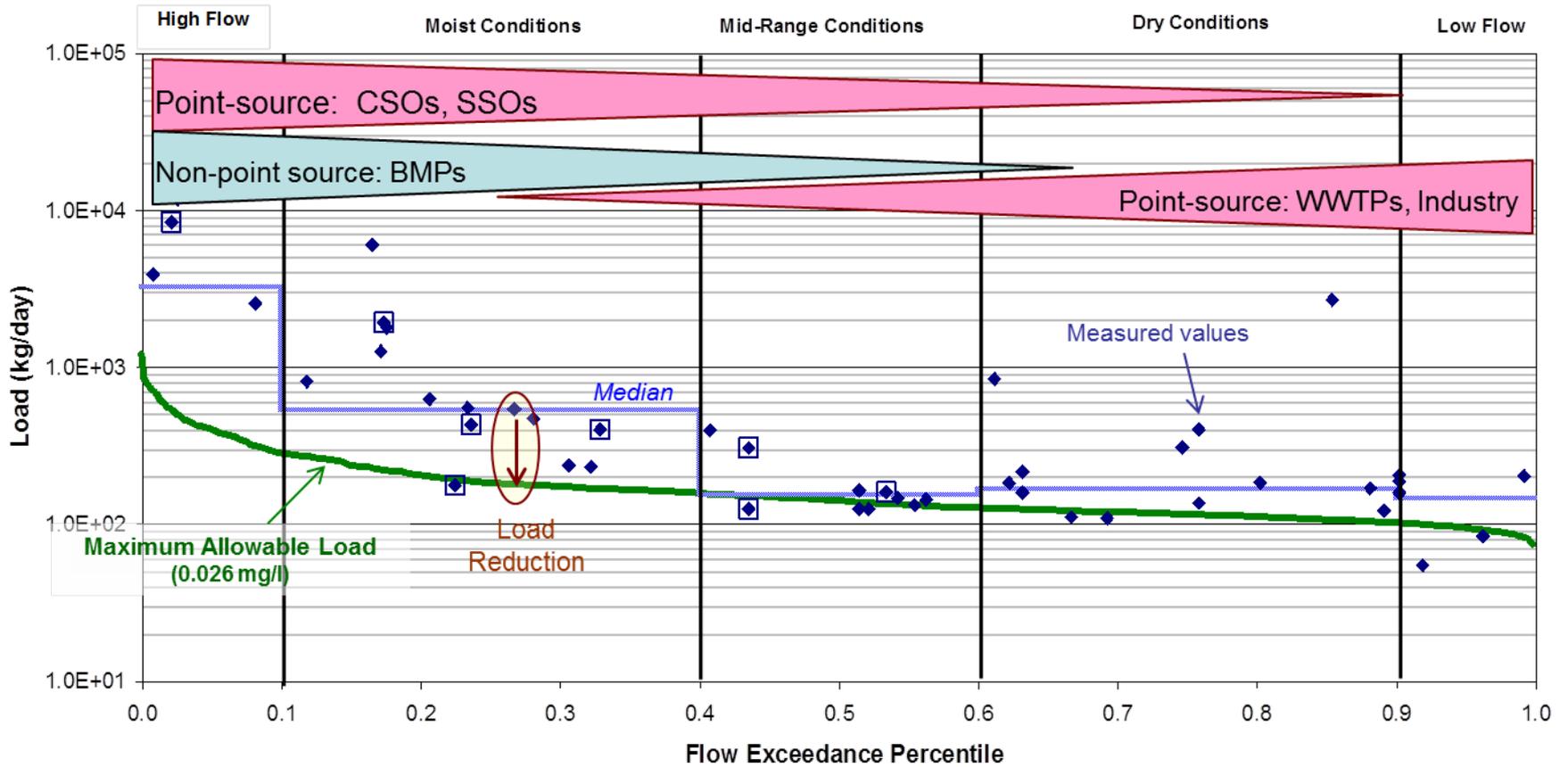
Water Quality Objectives (WQOs)

- Site-specific Water Quality Objectives were set using a stakeholder process.
 - WQO is a concentration for a contaminant established as a measure of water quality for a specific location in a water body.
- WQOs were set at two long-term river network (LTRN) stations along the North Saskatchewan River.
 - Devon and Pakan
- WQOs are set based on the 50th and 90th percentile of the historical values for summer and winter.
 - No regulatory enforcement.
 - Typically lower than Environmental Quality Guidelines for Alberta Surface Waters as there must be some capacity left for downstream reaches.
- WQOs are used to calculate Maximum Allowable Loads.

Maximum Allowable Load (MAL)

- **MAL definition**
 - **The maximum amount of a pollutant that a water body can receive while still meeting water quality objectives – can be seasonal.**
 - **Expressed as mass per time, it included any natural, point-source, and non-point sources of the pollutant.**
- **MALs work in partnership with (don't replace) concentration limits such as Environmental Quality Guidelines for Alberta Surface Waters.**
- **MALs reflect Total Maximum Daily Load methodology, applied throughout the USA.**
- **Pilot MALs for two seasons have been developed for application on the North Saskatchewan River (NSR).**
- **Expressed as a mass per time (kg/day).**

Phosphorus Total (P) Load Duration Curve
LTRN Station: NSR at Pakan
(1/1/2006 to 12/1/2009)



Effluent Characterization Program (ECP)

- **Purpose:**
 - Screening exercise for a one year monitoring program for facilities that directly release effluent to the NSR or tributary thereof.
- Facilities propose a representative sampling program for 4 samples capturing the seasonal differences in the NSR.
- The results of the program:
 - Determine significant contributors of the variables of concern.
 - Further develop MALs.
 - Support other water quality management tools (i.e. models, monitoring infrastructure).
- This program is for industrial facilities only – similar programs for municipal systems to follow.
- Not intended to capture rare “exceedance” events.

Effluent Management Program (EMP)

- **Purpose**
 - Allow for further, more frequent monitoring of the variables of concern which will provide further statistical strength to assign loads.
 - Facilities will also be asked to provide management actions on how they can reduce substantial sources contributing to their load – equitability issue (if reductions are needed).
- This program will be scoped with the multi-stakeholder committee.

Continued Collaboration on Framework Implementation:

- **North Saskatchewan Regional Plan**
 - **Surface Water Quality Management Framework**
 - Maintain or improve water quality goal.
 - Describing WQOs and possible management actions.
- **Load Management Policy (draft)**
 - **Providing Provincial direction on load apportionment.**
 - **Guidance documents.**

In Summary

Initial Screening – Effluent Characterization Program



Statistical results – Effluent Management Plan



Apportionment of Loads



Load limits into Approvals

Questions?

Thank you!

More information on the Framework and supporting water quality reports can be found at:

<http://aep.alberta.ca/lands-forests/cumulative-effects/regional-planning/capital-region/capital-region-cumulative-effects-management.aspx>